


опись.

УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Начальник главного
управления по образованию
Могилевского облисполкома

А.Б.Заблоцкий
«19» ноября 2021 г.

ЗАДАНИЯ
для проведения второго этапа республиканской олимпиады
по учебному предмету «Английский язык»
(аудирование)

Дата проведения: 27 ноября 2021 г.
Время выполнения заданий: 12.30 – 13.30.
XI класс

Text 1

You will hear an interview with Peter Felps, who is talking about the Eden Project. Listen and complete the gaps.

Peter works as a 1) _____. He works with a variety of plants on a 2) _____. The Eden Project could be described as a 3) _____. It wouldn't be possible to see everything in 4) _____.

A 'biome' is a 5) _____. In order to have a humid atmosphere they use 6) _____ and the irrigation system keeps 7) _____ damp. Rainforests have a 60-inch 8) _____ every year. In cases of emergency, visitors can go to the cool room in 9) _____. The atmosphere in the Mediterranean biome is 10) _____. The Eden Project is a 11) _____ called the Eden Trust.

No more than 12) _____ of the plants in Eden have been lost.

Text 2

Listen and for questions 1-8, choose the best answer A, B or C.

- 1) **When Craig White travels somewhere, he**
 - A. makes time to relax.
 - B. is on holiday.
 - C. gets paid.
- 2) **Life for a travel writer can often be**
 - A. solitary.
 - B. like a dream.
 - C. refreshing.
- 3) **Craig's trip to Ikaria**
 - A. doesn't usually enter his mind.
 - B. is a difficult experience to describe.
 - C. is more memorable than other trips.
- 4) **By the time Craig arrived in Ikaria, he**
 - A. was suffering from sunstroke.
 - B. was exhausted.
 - C. had a high temperature.
- 5) **Craig used hand movements to indicate that he**
 - A. was hungry.
 - B. was looking for a restaurant.
 - C. needed to get his breath back.
- 6) **The woman brought Craig**
 - A. all the food he had ordered.
 - B. items that weren't on the menu.
 - C. dishes which he hadn't requested.
- 7) **Craig was worried he would upset the woman if he didn't**
 - A. eat everything.
 - B. offer to pay for the meal.
 - C. admire her house.
- 8) **Craig's article on the island**
 - A. Encouraged visitors to look for free meals.
 - B. Was complimentary about the place.
 - C. Never got published in the guidebook.

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X класс

Text 1

You will hear an interview with an owner of an organic food restaurant. Listen and complete the gaps with a word or a short phrase.

Organic food is produced without the use of 1)_____.
Diane's first introduction to organic food was as a 2)_____.
Her grandmother used organic fertilizers on her 3)_____ and vegetables. When she had the family over for dinner, her 4)_____ were very tasty. Meat and 5)_____ products can also be organic.

Many 6)_____ eat at the restaurant at lunchtime. Later in the day, there is a different 7)_____. For dinner you can order a 8)_____ meal. They also offer late breakfast or brunch 9)_____.

In the summer, the restaurant has 10)_____ on the patio. The 11)_____ also benefits from organic food. The chemicals used in fertilizers and pesticides poison 12)_____ and end up in 13)_____.

Text 2

You will hear a psychologist being interviewed about violent sports. For questions 1-7, choose the best answer (A, B or C).

1. Dr Taylor believes that

- A. we should put a stop to all violent sports.
- B. violent sports cause nothing but problems.
- C. violence in sports raises a number of questions.

2. When compared to footballers and horse riders, boxers

- A. have to obey a greater number of rules.
- B. don't seem to be aware of the danger they face.
- C. are less in danger of injuring themselves.

3. Dr Taylor suggests that

- A. boxers could be arrested for violence outside the ring.
- B. the police often arrest boxers outside the ring.
- C. boxers who try to injure their opponents should be arrested.

4. Ice hockey and rugby are used as examples to show that

- A. boxing is not the only sport that can be violent.
- B. athletes receive a lot of physical training.
- C. violent sports attract large numbers of fans.

5. According to Dr Taylor, the problem of violence in society

- A. is not that different from violence among sports fans.
- B. is probably due to other factors than sports.
- C. exists because people are more competitive nowadays.

6. What connection is made between extreme sports and boxing?

- A. Both tend to encourage violence.
- B. Both involve a certain amount of danger.
- C. Both are becoming increasingly popular.

7. What is Dr Taylor's opinion of boxing matches?

- A. Children should only watch them when with an adult.
- B. They are acceptable forms of entertainment.
- C. It is too risky to participate in them.

Английский язык. Аудирование 10 класс. Текст 1

Interviewer: Let's welcome Diane Hall, owner of the organic food restaurant, Nature's Way. So, Diane, what exactly is organic food?

Diane: Organic food is food that is natural. It hasn't been grown using chemicals. Only natural fertilizers and no pesticides.

Interviewer: And how did you first become interested in organic food?

Diane: Well, as a teenager I remember going to my grandmother's house. She had a wonderful garden where she grew fruit and vegetables. I remember picking an apple from her tree, and thinking it was delicious. When she had us over for dinner, her salads were also very tasty. She used no chemical fertilizers, you see. So I suppose it was from there that I became fascinated with organic food.

Interviewer: So, are fruit and vegetables the only types of organic food?

Diane: Oh, no. And I'm glad you've brought up that point, Stuart, because organic food includes meat, as well as fruit, vegetables, grains, pulses and even dairy products.

Interviewer: That's interesting. I didn't know that meat and dairy products could be organic.

Diane: Well, organic beef comes from cattle that are fed grass grown in soil that hasn't been treated with chemicals.

Interviewer: I see. Do you use only organic products in your cafe?

Diane: Yes, and we serve a wide variety of foods, for different people. During the week, a lot of business people come in for lunch or a snack. In the evenings we have a different menu for people who want a 3-course meal.

Interviewer: And are you open at weekends?

Diane: We are and we offer late breakfast or brunch, as well as dinner. In summer we open the patio and have barbecues.

Interviewer: So, do you find that organic food is becoming more popular?

Diane: Yes, it is. Most people prefer food that has been grown without using chemicals. They're also noticing that organic food tastes better.

Interviewer: I've heard that organic food is also better for the environment. Is this true?

Diane: Well, think of the chemical fertilizers and pesticides poison the soil and end up in our water. Our wild life becomes affected and so do we. Organic means natural which is better for us and our planet!

Phil: Today on Lookabout we are looking at the problem of violent sports. Our guest is sports psychologist Dr Moira Taylor. Thank you for coming today, Doctor.

Dr Taylor: Good morning, Phil. Great to be here.

Phil: As another professional boxer was seriously injured at the weekend, is it time to stop violent sports?

Dr Taylor: Well, violence in sports does cause problems, but there are a number of things we need to think about. For example, which sports should we ban?

Phil: Sports like boxing, which are the most dangerous, I suppose.

Dr Taylor: Well, that's only partly true. In boxing there are strict rules which protect the participants. When these safety rules and regulations are followed, boxing isn't as dangerous as it looks. Far more people hurt themselves playing football. In fact, you are more likely to suffer a serious injury while horse riding than while boxing.

Phil: Maybe the reason so many people pick out sports like boxing and wrestling being particularly violent is that the athletes are deliberately trying to injure their opponents. Apart from anything else, do boxers make good role models for young sports fans?

Dr Taylor: That's certainly a good argument, and we should remember that if boxers behaved like that outside the ring they would be arrested. However, even in ice hockey and rugby, players are encouraged to be as physical as possible. We have to decide whether violent sports encourage fans to behave more violently. Personally I don't think that violence in society can be explained so easily.

Phil: So, you wouldn't be in favour of banning violent sports?

Dr Taylor: No, I think that competitive sports can be a positive influence on young people as long as they are encouraged to behave in an acceptable sporting way. Of course, we shouldn't encourage violence, and we need to make sure that all sports are as safe as possible. This is especially important with the increase in popularity of extreme sports in recent years. However, whatever we're talking about, as long as the competitors understand the risks involved then it should be their decision.

Phil: And so you would take your children to watch, say a boxing match?

Dr Taylor: Yes, of course.

Максимальное количество баллов по иностранным языкам

	Письменная работа	Аудирование	Говорение	Максимальное
Английский язык	80	20	50	150
Немецкий язык	80	20	50	150
Французский язык	60	20	50	130
Испанский язык	50	20	50	120
Китайский язык	50	20	50	120

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4 \quad (x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4$$

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Key to Reading Comprehension, Grammar and Vocabulary (10th form)

Total: 80 points

- | | | | | |
|--------|-----|-----|------|------|
| 1. 1 C | 4 D | 7 D | 10 D | 13 B |
| 2 A | 5 B | 8 B | 11 C | 14 D |
| 3 B | 6 C | 9 A | 12 A | 15 A |
- (15 points)

2.

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1) Do you (by any chance) know? | 9) said |
| 2) would/should like | 10) was going |
| 3) have (just) heard | 11) promised |
| 4) would (exactly) suit | 12) found / had found |
| 5) does not apply / doesn't apply | 13) have heard |
| 6) will not get / won't get | 14) do not know / don't know |
| 7) saw | 15) went / has gone |
| 8) had (just) left / was (just) leaving | |

(15 points)

3. 1) the, 2) --, 3) the, 4) the, 5) the, 6) --, 7) the, 8) the, 9) --, 10) the, 11) the, 12) the.

(12 points)

4.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------|-------------|
| 1) not/ never | 5) as / while | 9) fact | 12) would / |
| 2) any | 6) only | 10) of | do |
| 3) put | 7) himself | 11) one | 13) with |
| 4) to | 8) it | | |

(13 points)

5.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| 1) involved | 5) put | 9) responsible | 13) instead of |
| 2) factor | 6) ignore | 10) however | |
| 3) researchers | 7) kinds | 11) findings | |
| 4) high | 8) lack | 12) accept | |

(13 points)

6.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1) wrestling | 5) national | 9) opponent |
| 2) performance | 6) pride | 10) restriction |
| 3) symbolized/symbolised | 7) basically | 11) competitors |
| 4) powerful | 8) disqualified | 12) upper |

(12 points)

Key to Listening Comprehension (10th form)

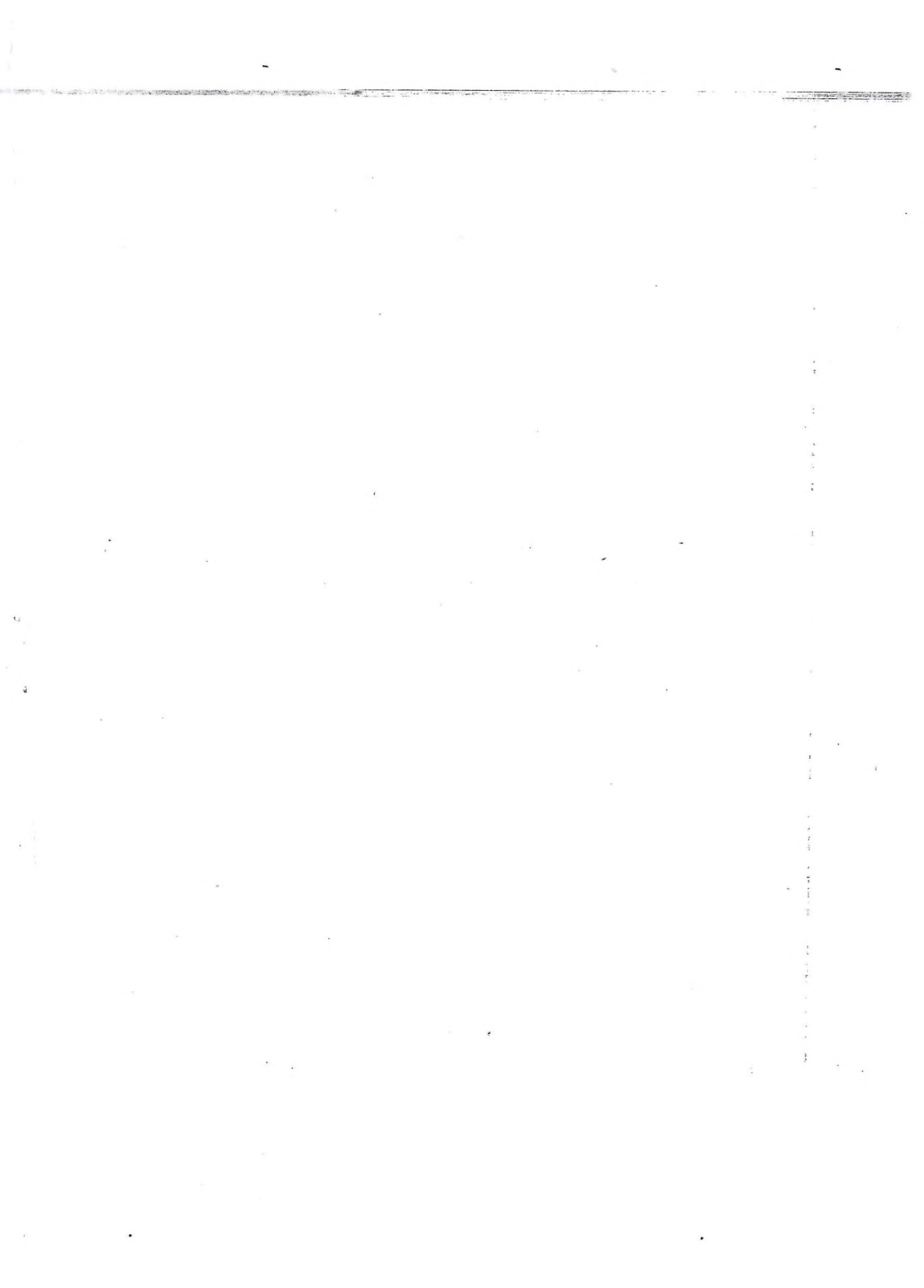
Total: 20 points

Key to Text 1

- | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. chemicals | 6. business people | 10. barbecues |
| 2. teenager | 7. menu | 11. environment |
| 3. fruit | 8. 3-course / three | 12. the soil |
| 4. salads | course | 13. our water / the |
| 5. dairy | 9. at weekends | water |

Key to Text 2:

- 1) C
- 2) C
- 3) A
- 4) A
- 5) B
- 6) B
- 7) B



Presenter: Today's show is about unusual travel experiences. Why not call in to the show or email us with some of your stories. But, first, our studio guest this afternoon is travel writer, Craig White. Craig, what's life as a travel writer like?

Guest: Well, as a travel writer, all my trips are actually for work. If I don't travel and write, then I don't get paid. My holidays are usually spent at home relaxing with my family. Most people probably think that it's a dream job, but it can be exhausting and lonely.

Presenter: What's the most unforgettable experience you've had in your travels?

Guest: Well, there have been quite a few, but there is one which sticks in my mind the most.

Presenter: Could you describe it for the listeners?

Guest: Yes, of course. I was just a young writer at that time. I didn't have much experience in travel writing. Anyway, I was travelling around some of the Greek Islands to write some articles for a travel guidebook. One of the last islands I had to visit was a place called Ikaria. I had been working for three weeks and I was really worn out. The summer heat was overwhelming. I wasn't used to such high temperatures back then.

Presenter: Did you come down with sunstroke? Many of us have experienced something similar.

Guest: Well, I probably would have had I not stopped to rest. I was up in a lovely, but remote, mountain village. Most of the villages on the island are located lower down on the coast, but this one was way up a mountain. The air was thin up there as well.

Presenter: I'm beginning to think you'll collapse at some point in this story.

Guest: I nearly did from embarrassment, but we'll get to that. So, at that point, I knew I had to catch my breath. I decided to find a place to sit and get something to eat. I saw a couple of tables in a quiet lane which was shaded by some large trees. One of the tables had some dishes left on it, so I knew immediately that I had found some kind of restaurant.

Presenter: We've had an email from a listener about a terrible experience he had with food poisoning on holiday. Is that the path you're going down?

Guest: Far from it. An elderly woman came out to my table and spoke to me. I didn't understand a word, of course. She didn't speak English, so I used some hand gestures to indicate that I was putting food into my mouth. She smiled and said some things. I've no idea what she said, but she seemed happy and walked off.

Presenter: It's easy to interpret eating hand gestures, I think they are quite universal. Did you manage to order what you wanted from the menu though?

Guest: That's where the story gets interesting. I wasn't given a menu and I hadn't ordered anything in particular. Regardless, five minutes later the woman appears with plates of food. There was a salad, a plate of cheese, little spinach pies, bread and lots of fish. I still had plenty of money, so I wasn't worried about the cost, but I thought it was a lot of food for one person.

Presenter: Were you tempted to say that you didn't want all of the food?

Guest: Not at all. I was really enjoying the food. The woman was constantly smiling and encouraging me to eat more. I managed to finish the lot. It was really tasty, but I also didn't want to offend her. Anyway, when I was finished, I decided to go into the restaurant to pay. I walked through a small archway into a courtyard. But then, ... then, I noticed that the path led to a small house. I looked all around and there was no restaurant.

Presenter: What happened? Did the restaurant just disappear into thin air?

Guest: It was so embarrassing. The woman walked out her kitchen and I tried to offer her money. She wouldn't take it. In fact, she gave me more food to take with me. I felt really silly. Needless to say, the village got a great write-up in the guidebook. I just hope I didn't encourage other people to go there for free dinners.

Presenter: That's quite a remarkable story, Craig. OK. So, after the break, we'll be hearing more from Craig and some listeners will be telling us their stories, too.

Key to Reading Comprehension, Grammar and Vocabulary (11th form)

Total: 80 points

I.

1) B

4) D

7) C

10) A

13) C

2) B

5) B

8) D

11) C

14) D

3) C

6) A

9) A

12) D

15) C

(15 points)

2.

1) am writing

6) met

11) was interrupted

2) am not

7) have been

12) would ring

3) will be

8) has (just) moved

13) have you heard

4) answer

9) was invited

5) will/shall be

10) were speaking

(13 points)

3.

1) close down

5) knock out

9) see (you) out

2) drop in

6) do without

10) stand for

3) round up

7) ask (her) out.

4) wait on

8) order (you) about

(10 points)

4.

1) started

6) either

11) with

2) were

7) themselves

12) proud

3) of

8) how

13) who

4) which / that

9) enough

14) took

5) if / whether

10) rather

(14 points)

5.

1) continues

6) inspired

11) conveniences

2) see

7) accommodate

12) facilities

3) residing

8) rely

13) meaning

4) due

9) collect

5) part

10) inhabitants

(13 points)

6.

1) precisely

5) community

9) villagers

2) residents

6) oppressive

10) unconventional

3) settlement

7) enslave

11) slavery / enslavement

4) accessible

8) hazardous

12) intention

(12 points)

7.

1) I would rather (I'd rather) you didn't go to that party.

2) We haven't been out (we haven't gone out) for 4 weeks.

3) Would you mind passing me the pepper?

(3 points)

Key to Listening Comprehension (11th form)

Total: 20 points

Key to Text 1

- | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. botanist | 5. huge greenhouse | 9. West Africa |
| 2. daily basis | 6. waterfalls | 10. dry and dusty |
| 3. universal garden | 7. the soil | 11. charity |
| 4. one/a single day | 8. rainfall | 12. 5 % |

Key to Text 2:

- 1) C
- 2) A
- 3) C
- 4) B
- 5) A
- 6) C
- 7) A
- 8) B

Eden Project

Hello, I'm Peter Felps, a botanist from the Eden Centre project in Cornwall. I get to work with just about every variety of plant in the world on a daily basis, which is every botanist's dream. The Eden project is like a universal garden for the 21st century – a place where people can come and learn the fascinating story of people's dependence on plants. It would be impossible to experience everything on offer in one single day.

A Biome is like a huge greenhouse. The tropical Biome is the largest of its kind in the world. The second Biome is slightly smaller with plants from regions with Mediterranean type climates.

In the tropical environment in the first Biome, we use waterfalls to maintain the right level of humidity and then there is an irrigation system to keep the soil damp. Just like it is in their natural habitat. Rainforests have an average 60-inch rainfall per year, so you can understand how important it is. The temperature obviously has to be right for the plants. However, there is an exit point at the Malaysian house, a cool room in West Africa for emergencies and then, there are plenty of seats and water fountains to keep visitors comfortable on their way around. In the Mediterranean Biome, certain parts have to be kept dry and dusty to make the plants behave as they do in the wild. But the scents in there are amazing.

The Eden Project tells positive stories about the environment because apart from being a visiting centre, Eden is also officially a charity – the Eden Trust. Through the Biomes and other exhibits we tell stories of all sorts of communities around the world looking for ways of promoting environmental care. The success of Eden so far is fantastic. Less than 5% of our plants have died so far and we are fast becoming one of the most visited sites in Britain.